EXTRAORDINARY EXECUTIVE CONTROL

DAILY BAYESIAN-INSPIRED WARNING REPORT / WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 14, 2026 / PUBLIC-SOURCE CUTOFF 08:36 EDT

PREPARATION P(t)	EXECUTED E(t)	EXECUTION GATE	BASELINE
101.0	**E2**	**OPEN**	**100.0**
-0.1 vs Oct 13	D.C.-limited	existing D.C. mission	Sep 25 start

Classification audit: The continuous D.C. National Guard public-safety operation meets this report's functional E2 execution test: an armed Guard mission, directed through the D.C. Guard's special presidential command relationship, is **actually operating** in support of civilian law enforcement. This is **not** a newly invoked Oct. 14 Insurrection Act order, a new national military-control measure, or evidence of military election oversight. [S30-S32]

Series comparability warning: Yesterday's E1 -> today's E2 is a **model coverage / interpretation correction** for an already existing D.C. mission, not a physical escalation on Oct. 14. The prior 19 daily classifications are retained as issued; retrospective recoding requires date-specific verification. Preparation P(t) is separately updated and falls 0.1.

Risk index, not probability: P(t) = 101.0 on a September 25 baseline of 100.0. This normalized expert evidence index has no calibrated mapping to real-world event probability. E2 here is a **limited-category current-state classification**, not martial law. E3 is not supported.

1 Daily change and main contributors

Node / family	Event and interpretation	Oct 14 index delta
N - court constraint	Oct 13 preliminary injunction protects White House press credentials; low direct EEC pathway relevance [S33]	-0.05
J/O - decay	Previously ingested rhetorical / short-lived posture signals continue to decay (model assumption)	-0.05
O/A - D.C. ongoing	Existing Guard presence, arrest-operation support and March brigade: execution gate audit; NO duplicate precursor increment [S30-S32]	0.00
Q - judicial status	D.C. appeals hearing is scheduled; previous injunction remains stayed. No new court outcome [S30]	0.00
Cross-family clustering	No new independent moderate multi-family cluster in the preceding 72 hours	0.00
Net change	**101.1 -> 101.0**	**-0.10**

Strongest continuing positives

The 2025-onward D.C. Guard mission, confirmed operationally active in October 2026, and the March 2026 purpose-built military-civilian coordination brigade are the strongest **operational/organizational** signals; they are the same causal cluster. The May 2026 OLC voter-roll opinion is a separate **civilian legal** pathway. Oct. 12 border troop repositioning is real but remains civilian-Border Patrol-led rather than a verified troop arrest mission. [S30-S32, S01, S19]

Strongest continuing negatives and constraints

Article III review remains operational, including the Oct. 13 press-access injunction and Oct. 9 voter-list-policy vacatur. Federalized Title 10 Guard contingents formerly in Los Angeles, Chicago and Portland were withdrawn by January 2026; the current D.C. mission has a different duty status. Guard officials denied an election-site tasking near a D.C. ballot box, and the election board sought separation. [S33, S02-S06, S35, S39]

2 E1 to E2 execution gate - auditable determination

Specific test	Evidence at cutoff	Gate outcome
Direct activation/order	The D.C. crime-control activation began Aug 11, 2025. No NEW Oct 14 Insurrection Act invocation or nationwide Title 10 activation verified. [S30, S31]	Prior order only
Executed Guard law-enforcement mission	AP: Guard units support arrest operations and carry out neighborhood presence patrols; Army describes command and civilian-police integration. Mission ongoing with ~2,900 Guard last week. [S30-S32]	**YES - opens**
Displacement of civil authority	Local D.C. mayor/council, police and courts still function. Earlier 30-day MPD emergency-control period ended 2025; no current E3 displacement demonstrated. [S30, S35]	No E3
Election-site mission	Guard representatives denied D.C. ballot-box supervision; no federal military election-control assignment found. [S39]	Not verified
Legal check	District ruling against Guard operation was stayed; D.C. Circuit argument scheduled for Oct 14. No decision at this cutoff. [S30]	Judicial scrutiny

Important status distinction. D.C. Guard is uniquely under presidential command even when not in Title 10 status. Most out-of-state Guard personnel in D.C. are on Title 32 authority, which does not automatically federalize state-controlled soldiers. Under a *stricter direct-arrest-only* execution criterion, the current sources would not conclusively prove guardsmen themselves arrest/search citizens; E1 would remain a defensible sensitivity classification. Under the user-specified *actual domestic law-enforcement/control mission* test, operating patrols plus direct arrest-operation support under executive military direction are sufficient for a D.C.-limited E2. [S30, S31, S34, S40]

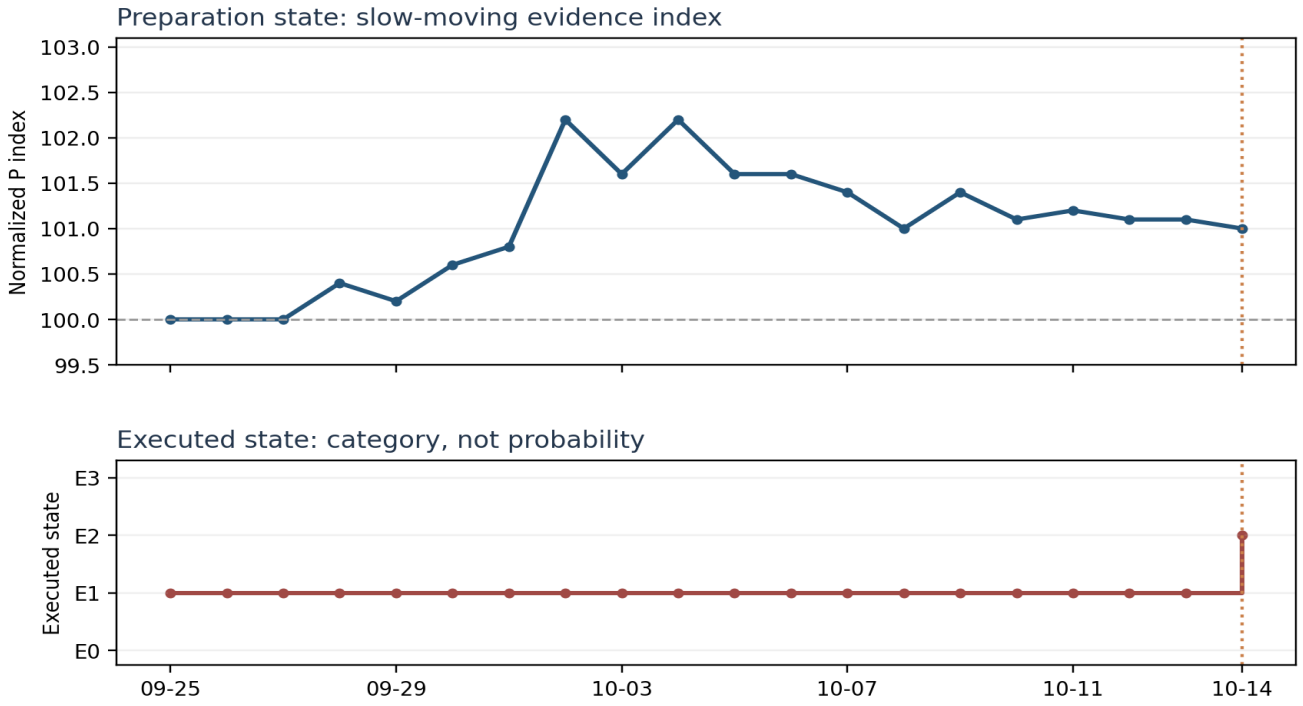
E3: NOT established. No credible evidence of nationwide replacement of courts, legislatures, elections, state governments, or ordinary command institutions; no inference from one geographically limited military-to-police support mission.

3 Six-family precursor screen

Family	Key current or persistent observation	Causal/pathway status
L - Legal preparation	May 12 OLC statewide voter-roll opinion; 2025 executive D.C. law-and-order direction; no new Oct 14 Insurrection Act order found.	Long-lived civilian legal paths. Separate D.C. command order predates series; ordinary election-data authority is not troop mission execution.
A - Administrative preparation	D.C. 260th Special Purpose Brigade formed Mar 7; existing Joint Task Force D.C. coordinating federal/local law-enforcement support.	Standing federal-directed organizational capacity; no new Oct 14 tasking. Clustered with existing D.C. operations, not independent day-of trigger.
O - Operational posture	D.C. Guard ongoing patrolling and support to arrests (~2,900 reported last week); border troop shift supports Border Patrol intelligence not arrests.	D.C. is direct operational execution by functional E2 gate; border troop surveillance is distinct, lower pathway-relevance.
Q - Federal/state interface	D.C. lawsuit and appeal; 2025 Title 10 deployments to L.A., Chicago and Portland ended Jan 2026; Connecticut election-data requests remain uncertain.	D.C. unique legal structure; out-of-state Title 32 Guard is not Title 10 federalization; current state-control distinctions must be maintained.
J - Official justification	Ongoing D.C. crime-safety rationale; Oct 12 ordinary DOJ charges; historical rhetoric decays.	Do not upgrade routine civilian law enforcement allegations into emergency statutory execution.
N - Constraints / negative	Oct 13 press-access preliminary injunction; voter-list-policy vacatur Oct 9; Guard mission court challenge with appeal stay; Guard explanation near ballot box.	Judiciary operates. Judicial stay presently allows D.C. troops to remain; positive and negative observations are not mutually exclusive.

Clustering check: The D.C. organization, operations, law/order and litigation records are observations of one ongoing mission rather than four independent triggers. Oct. 13 press-access litigation is separate but only weakly relevant to any statutory domestic military pathway. No 72-hour independent moderate multi-family cluster bonus was awarded.

4 Accumulated trend and day-to-day comparability



Oct 14 E1->E2 reflects newly applied classification audit of an ongoing D.C. mission, NOT a new mission on Oct 14.

20 daily records: Sep. 25 - Oct. 14, 2026. Baseline is 100.0; preparation index 101.0 today versus 101.1 yesterday (+1.0 relative baseline). The executed-state trace first displays E2 on Oct. 14 solely due to re-evaluation of a continuing D.C. mission. Do not interpret the plotted step as troops being newly deployed today. A retrospective series restatement is warranted after verifying exact mission dates and command status.

5 Evidence ledger - current and persistent observations

Ledger entries are event-linked; all 18 machine-readable records retain first-observed time, reliability, statutory pathway, strength, persistence, correlation group, independent-source count, contradictions and original score contribution. Brief display below; complete field-level ledger is supplied in the JSON companion.

ID / family	Observed core fact	Strength / origins	Delta
O-DC-JTF-AUDIT-1014 / O	AP published at 07:10 EDT Oct. 14 that roughly 2,900 Guard members remained in D.C. last week and that the force has supported arrest operations and carried out...	STRONG for ongoing D.C. domestic military-assistance execution; low evide **Sources:** 2	+0.00
A-DC-SPB-202603 / A	Army confirms 260th Special Purpose Brigade was formally activated March 7, 2026 to coordinate Guard/civil law enforcement support; its role includes planning,...	Moderate persistent organization; not an election-specific mission **Sources:** 1	+0.00
N-DC-COURT-APPEAL-1014 / N	D.C. district judge previously held unilateral Guard crime-control deployment unlawful; D.C. Circuit stayed the injunction pending appeal. AP reports appellate...	MODERATE institutional constraint; important legal uncertainty but no cur **Sources:** 1	+0.00
N-PRESS-ACCESS-1013 / N	On Tuesday evening Oct. 13, federal judge Timothy Kelly entered a preliminary injunction protecting White House press credentials for CNN, MS NOW and Politico while...	Moderate Article III institutional check; LOW relevance to military/elect **Sources:** 1	-0.05
Q-STATEGUARD-NONFED-2026 / Q	Previously mobilized Title 10 Guard contingents in Chicago, Portland and Los Angeles were withdrawn by January 2026. Out-of-state Title 32 Guard in D.C. are not...	Moderate negative evidence against applying statewide 2025 Title10 status **Sources:** 1	+0.00
O-BORDER-OPS-1013 / O	AP reports the Army is shifting several hundred existing U.S. border troops to the Rio Grande Valley during October; about 8,000 troops were already on the border....	Moderate operational staging; LOW election-control-pathway relevance **Sources:** 1	+0.10
J-DOJ-CHARGES-1012 / J	DOJ announced charges involving 16 people for various alleged election-related offenses. Cases involve alleged past conduct, not a claim that military election...	Weak pathway signal; official enforcement framing but ordinary process **Sources:** 1	+0.05
N-DHS-TRO-1011 / N	A federal judge imposed a temporary order on October 11 barring use of DHS appropriations for identified television advertising, and requiring cancellation of...	Strong judicial action; LOW-to-moderate EEC pathway relevance **Sources:** 2	-0.05
A-HSI-CONGRESS-SEARCH-1012 / A	Federal HSI agents executed a DOJ-described judicially authorized search warrant at a D.C. home associated with a sitting member of Congress. Officials did not...	Contextual concern about selective enforcement, but NONE as extraordinary **Sources:** 2	+0.00
L-OLC-20260512 / L	May 12 OLC opinion asserted DOJ authority to seek and share statewide voter-roll data with DHS; opinion predates the Oct. 9 court vacatur of the challenged...	Moderate legal preparation, NOT domestic military authority **Sources:** 1	+0.00
Q-CT-HSI-1009 / Q	Connecticut election official confirmed awareness of possible federal record requests involving three towns; precise subpoena text and legal scope not verified.	Low-moderate **Sources:** 1	+0.00

ID / family	Observed core fact	Strength / origins	Delta
N-DOJ-VLR-1009 / N	Federal district court vacated DOJ challenged voter-list maintenance policy Oct. 9; court filings and reporting independently describe the order.	Strong legal constraint on this pathway **Sources:** 1	+0.00
O-DC-BOX-1008 / O	Oct. 8 imagery showed D.C. Guard troops near Foggy Bottom ballot box; officials say they paused in an ordinary patrol, not tasked to secure/monitor elections.	Weak operational precursor **Sources:** 1	+0.00
N-DC-BOX-RESPONSE / N	D.C. election board asked Guard for more distance from election locations; Guard representatives described training to avoid voting sites.	Moderate limitation but uncertain enforcement **Sources:** 2	+0.00
N-CAINE-0828 / N	Joint Chiefs chair wrote that federal troops and federalized Guard were not planned for polling locations and no seizure of election materials was planned.	Moderate negative prospective constraint **Sources:** 1	+0.00
J-DOJ-1005 / J	DOJ publicly announced election-related criminal charges Oct. 5. Charges are allegations; lawful case investigation does not imply extraordinary authority.	Weak for EEC despite concrete cases **Sources:** 1	+0.00
N-CONGRESS-PLEDGE-1010 / N	House members from both parties are circulating pledge against delaying seating of certified winners; two other members confirmed signatures to a reporter.	Weak: pledge not adopted or binding **Sources:** 1	+0.00
N-STATE-LAWS-2026 / N	AP describes new state-enacted election laws; changing state voting rules remains state legislative action and not evidence of federalized troops or executive...	Zero federal extraordinary-authority relevance **Sources:** 1	+0.00

Note: Original score_delta_today in retained entries refers to each entry's first scoring date, not October 14. The daily reconciliation on page one is the authoritative Oct. 14 index-change calculation.

6 Methods, model limitations, and back-test guardrails

Architecture: observable legal (L), administrative (A), operational (O), federal/state (Q), justification (J) and constraints (N) cues -> hidden preparation state P(t) -> rule-gated executed state E(t). Each distinct event has an origin count and a correlation identifier. Syndicated reproductions and statements describing the same originating event do not independently multiply its likelihood weight.

Temporal model: a conceptual latent evidence state is updated as S(t) = rho*S(t-1) + sum[quality x pathway relevance x strength x 2^(-age/half-life)] + independent-family-clustering - constraints. A normalized display is P(t)=100 + c*S(t), with a baseline anchored Sep. 25. Example decay conventions: rhetoric ~3 days, staging ~7, legal ~30-90, organizational ~90 or active until superseded. The implemented legacy index is heuristic; its weights, transitions and observation likelihoods have not been statistically fitted. It is therefore **not** a calibrated Bayesian posterior.

Gate discipline: weak signals, even clustered, never trigger E2 by themselves. Activation/order, actual executed unusual domestic military-police mission, or actual displacement of civilian control is required. E3 requires more extensive actual displacement/suspension of ordinary institutions, not merely a contested Guard patrol.

Historical case	Qualitative expected control test
Little Rock 1957	E2: documented federal troops enforcing court orders; direct military execution.
Detroit 1967	E2: presidentially authorized federal troop intervention, actual deployment.
Los Angeles 1992	E2: actual extraordinary federal troop use after activation.
Ferguson 2014	State Guard alone must NOT trigger federal E2.

Historical case	Qualitative expected control test
Washington 2020	Substantial preparatory or unusual presence can remain E1 absent qualifying executed federal mission.
Jan. 6, 2021	Civil disorder itself is not an executive military takeover or automatic federal E2.

Six purposively chosen historical cases are behavioral sanity checks only, not a representative validation set. They cannot establish false-positive rates, frequency priors, or calibrated event probabilities.

7 Election horizon, market watch, and watchlist

Congressional horizon: Section 2 of the Twentieth Amendment establishes noon Jan. 3, 2027 as the default convening time for the 120th Congress; that day falls on Sunday. No enacted law changing the date was identified in the targeted review as of this report. Continue monitoring through Jan. 5, 2027. If a law changes convening, the horizon becomes actual convening date + two calendar days. [S36, S37]

Prediction-market watch: The Polymarket contract for Insurrection Act invocation by Dec. 31 displayed approximately 16% YES at the checked page state (dynamic quote, may be stale/changed). This market measures a narrower formal invocation event than E2, is not an empirical probability of martial law, and contributes exactly zero to P(t) or the execution gate. [S38]

Next mandatory checks: D.C. Circuit merits ruling/stay and any modification of the deployed forces' mission; orders changing Title 10/Title 32 status; Guard activity at election infrastructure; any 10 U.S.C. 251-255 invocation and related dispersal proclamation; commands about poll-site access; court or legislative constraints; 120th Congress convening law.

8 Source register - key current and baseline documents

Sources are indexed Sxx in the ledger and cited inline. URLs below are clickable; full extended source catalog, including 2025-26 baseline documents, is in the JSON evidence state.

[S30] Associated Press, D.C. Guard appeals hearing and continuing mission (Oct. 14, 07:10 EDT)

[S31] U.S. Army, D.C. Guard 260th Special Purpose Brigade established (Mar. 10, 2026)

[S32] D.C. National Guard, JTF-DC operational overview (Sept. 14, 2026)

[S33] Associated Press, White House press-access preliminary injunction (order Oct. 13; reported Oct. 14)

[S35] Washington Post, end of Title 10 deployments in L.A., Chicago and Portland (Feb. 11, 2026)

[S36] U.S. House Constitution reference, Twentieth Amendment, section 2

[S37] U.S. Senate, dates of sessions of Congress (reviewed Oct. 14)

[S38] Polymarket, Insurrection Act by Dec. 31, 2026 (viewed Oct. 14)

[S39] Associated Press/Washington Post, D.C. Guard ballot box denial (Oct. 9)

[S40] Courthouse News, DOJ position on arrest authorities for D.C. Guard (Oct. 24, 2025)

[S01] DOJ Office of Legal Counsel, Authority to Obtain and Share Statewide Voter Roll Data (May 12, 2026)

[S02] Common Cause v. DOJ docket, University of Michigan Civil Rights Litigation Clearinghouse (Oct. 9 ruling)

[S19] Associated Press, Rio Grande troop repositioning and Army/Border Patrol division of responsibility (reviewed Oct 13, photographs Oct 8)

[S21] S.D.N.Y., Common Cause v DHS, Oct 11 temporary restraining order, docket 41

[S22] S.D.N.Y., DOJ Oct 12 response confirming compliance with Oct 11 TRO, docket 44

[S24] Associated Press, court-authorized search of representative home, Oct 12

Interpretive notice: Labels E0-E3 are analytical categories devised for this monitoring effort, not court findings, criminal allegations, predictions, or legal conclusions. The report makes no claim about political intent from institutional actions without corroborating evidence.